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Impact of clinical guideline implementation of adult ketamine dosing in the emergency department

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Impact of Clinical Guideline Implementation of Adult Ketamine Dosing in the Emergency Department

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The speaker has no actual or potential conflict of interest in relation to this presentation.

Ketamine Indications

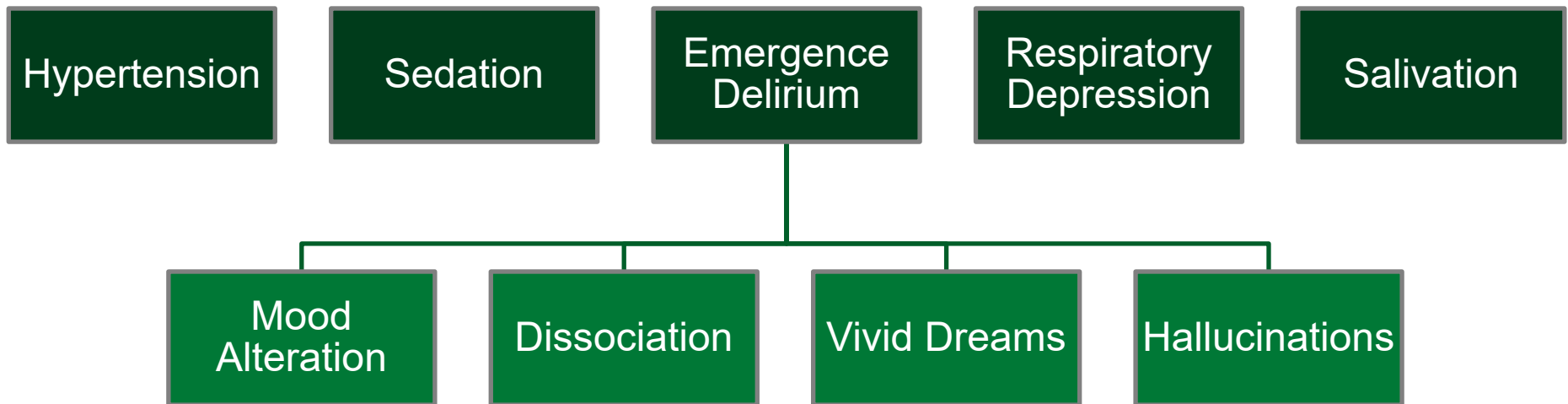
Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Labeled Indication

- Sedation

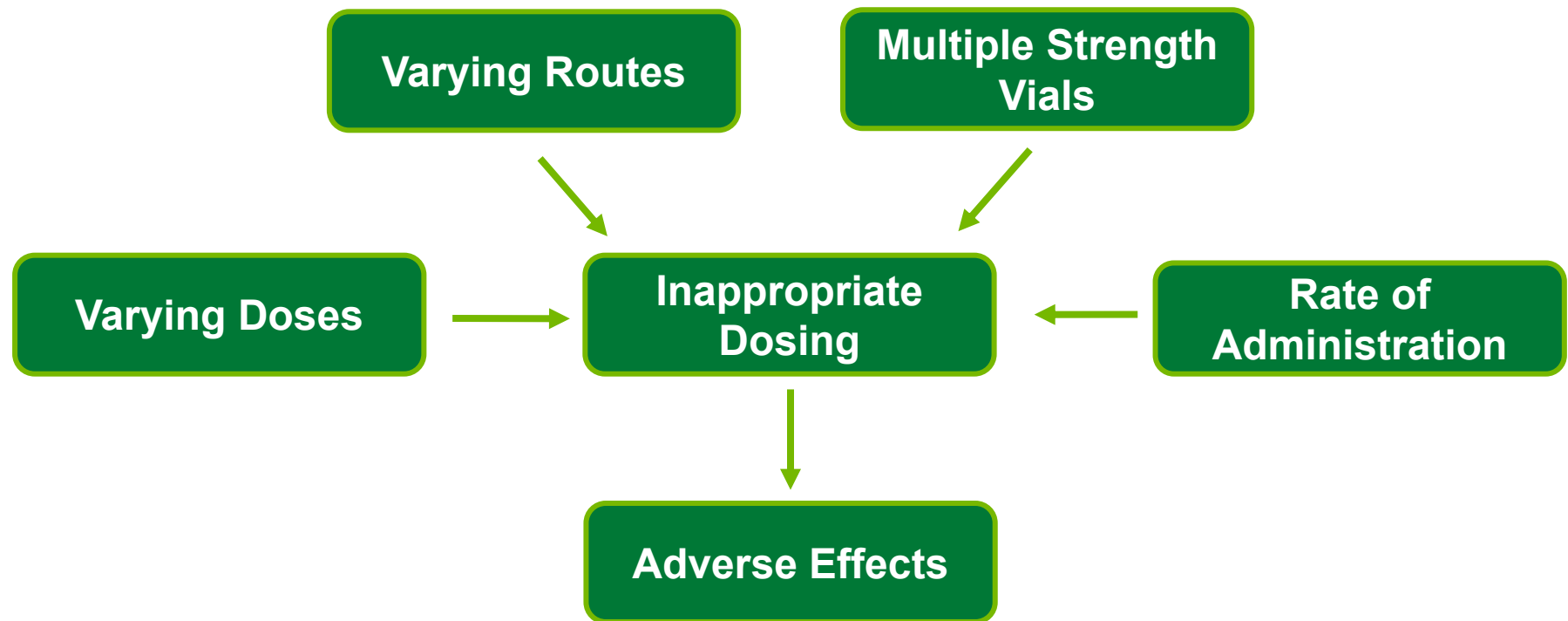
Off-Label Indications

- Analgesia
- Procedural sedation
- Excited delirium
- Status asthmaticus

Adverse Effects



Factors Influencing Adverse Events



Ketamine Dosing

Indication	Dose	Subdissociative or Dissociative
Rapid Sequence Intubation (RSI)	1 – 4.5 mg/kg Intravenous (IV) 4 – 13 mg/kg Intramuscular (IM)	Dissociative
Procedural Sedation	1 – 2 mg/kg IV 4 – 5 mg/kg IM	Dissociative
Pain	0.2 – 0.8 mg/kg IV 0.5 – 1 mg/kg Intranasal (IN) 0.5 mg/kg Oral (PO)	Subdissociative
Agitated Delirium	4 – 6 mg/kg IM 1 – 2 mg/kg IV	Dissociative
Status Asthmaticus	1 – 2 mg/kg IV	Dissociative

Test Your Knowledge

- Subdissociative dosing of ketamine is utilized for which off-label indication?
 - a) Pain
 - b) Procedural sedation
 - c) Rapid sequence intubation
 - d) Agitated delirium

Test Your Knowledge

- Subdissociative dosing of ketamine is utilized for which off-label indication?

a) Pain

b) Procedural sedation

c) Rapid sequence intubation

d) Agitated delirium

Test Your Knowledge

- What is the most appropriate dose of ketamine for status asthmaticus?
 - a) 5 mg/kg IM
 - b) 1 mg/kg IV push
 - c) 0.3 mg/kg IV push
 - d) 2 mg/kg PO

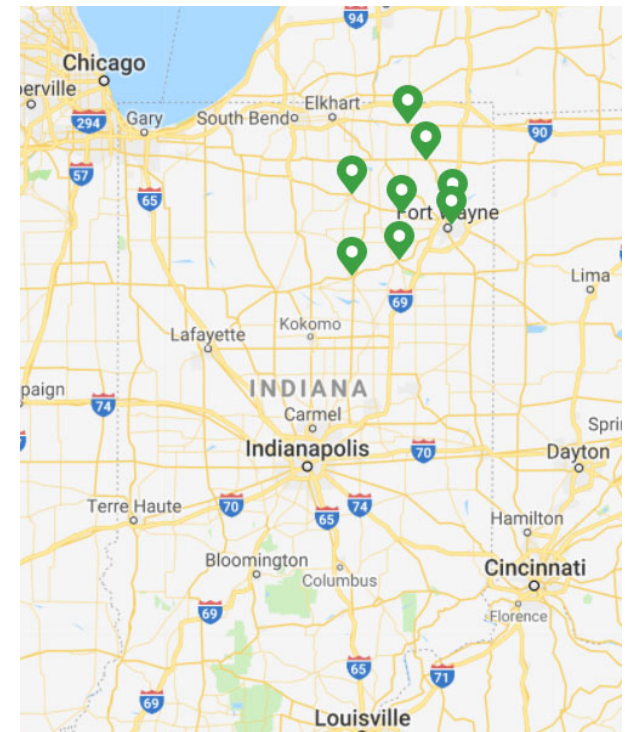
Test Your Knowledge

- What is the most appropriate dose of ketamine for status asthmaticus?
 - a) 5 mg/kg IM
 - b) 1 mg/kg IV push**
 - c) 0.3 mg/kg IV push
 - d) 2 mg/kg PO

Baird, et al.

- Intervention: Emergency Department (ED) adult ketamine order panel
- Indications
 - RSI
 - Procedural sedation
 - Pain
- Pre-Post Study
- Primary Outcome: Appropriate Dose
 - OR = 2.94, 95% confidence interval (1.1-7.8), $p = 0.0231$

Parkview Health



Purpose

- Following the implementation of an ED adult ketamine order set, evaluate:
 - Appropriateness of ketamine dosing
 - Patient outcomes
 - Adverse events
- Demonstrate benefit of pharmacy-driven education

Objectives

Primary Objective

- Evaluate appropriateness of ketamine dose for indication
 - Before and after order set implementation

Secondary Objectives

- Describe adverse events
- Assess impact of pharmacy-driven education on comfort level for
 - Physicians
 - Pharmacists
 - Nurses

Study Design and Statistical Analysis

Study Design

- Institution Review Board Approved
- Multicenter
- Retrospective
- Pre-Post Intervention
- Cohort Study

Statistical Analysis

- Primary Outcome
 - Mann-Whitney U Test
- Secondary Outcomes
 - Adverse Effects
 - Wilcoxon Signed Rank
 - Survey Data
 - Mann-Whitney U Test

Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria

Inclusion Criteria

- Patients \geq 18 years old
- Presenting to the ED at any Parkview Hospital
- Receiving \geq 1 dose of ketamine
 - Intravenous (IV) push
 - Intramuscular (IM)
 - Intranasal (IN)

Exclusion Criteria

- Pregnant
- Continuous IV infusion
- Pre-hospital ketamine administration

ED Adult Ketamine Order Set

RSI

- 1 - 2 mg/kg IV push once

Procedural Sedation

- 0.5 – 2 mg/kg IV push once, may repeat x1 q10min
- 1 – 3 mg/kg IM once, may repeat x1 q10min

Pain Management

- 0.3 mg/kg IV push once, may repeat x1 q20min
- Admin Comments: max single dose = 30mg, dilute to 10ml with NS

Intranasal Ketamine for Pain

- 1 mg/kg intranasal (IN) once

Agitated Delirium

- 5 mg/kg IM once, may repeat x1 q10min

Status Asthmaticus

- 1 mg/kg IV push, may repeat x1 q10min

Survey Questions

Physician

- Familiarity with ketamine dosing
- Comfort level dosing ketamine
- Likelihood of ordering ketamine

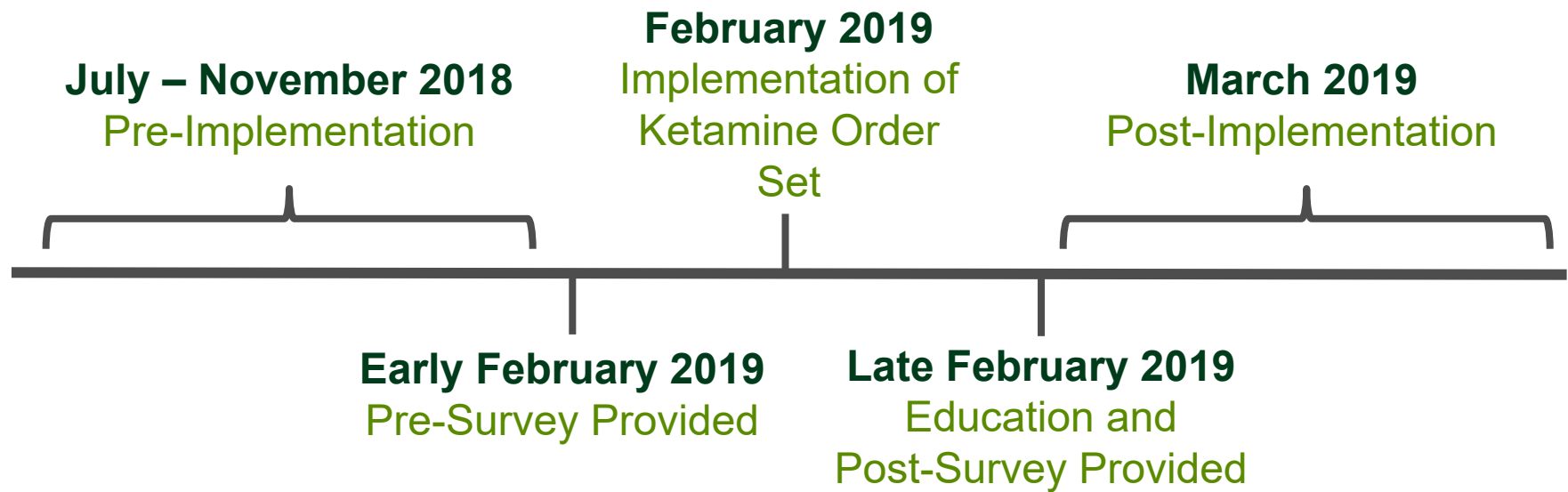
Pharmacist

- Familiarity with ketamine dosing
- Comfort level verifying ketamine orders

Nursing

- Comfort level administering ketamine
- Comfort level monitoring patients after administration of ketamine

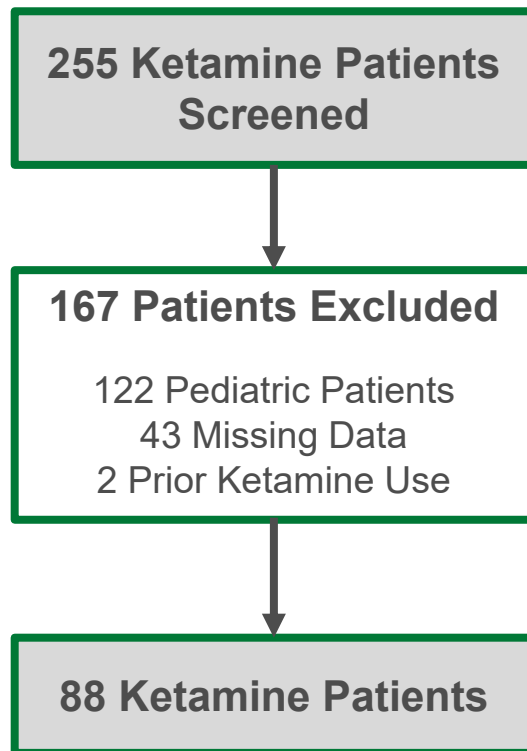
Protocol Timeline



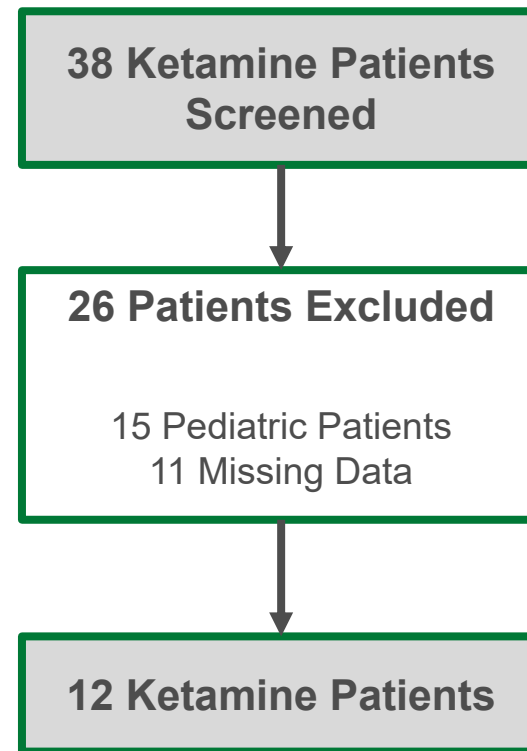
PATIENT RESULTS

Study Population

Pre-Order Set Implementation



Post-Order Set Implementation

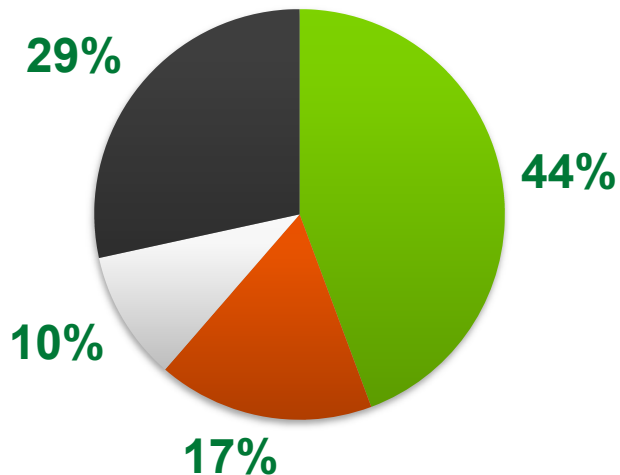


Baseline Characteristics

	Pre-Implementation (n = 88)	Post-Implementation (n = 12)
Gender, male [n (%)]	47 (53)	7 (58)
Age, years [median (IQR)]	51 (34 – 66)	60 (48 – 69)
Weight, kilograms [median (IQR)]	82 (65 – 100)	75 (70 – 98)
Psychiatric Comorbidity [n (%)]	5 (6)	1 (8)
Drug Abuse [n (%)]	6 (7)	4 (33)

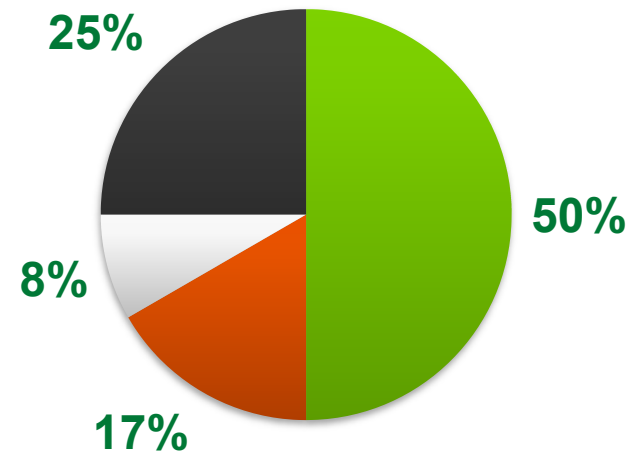
Ketamine Use by Facility

Ketamine Use Prior to Implementation
(n = 88)



- Parkview Regional Medical Center
- Parkview Randallia Hospital
- Parkview Warsaw
- Community Hospitals

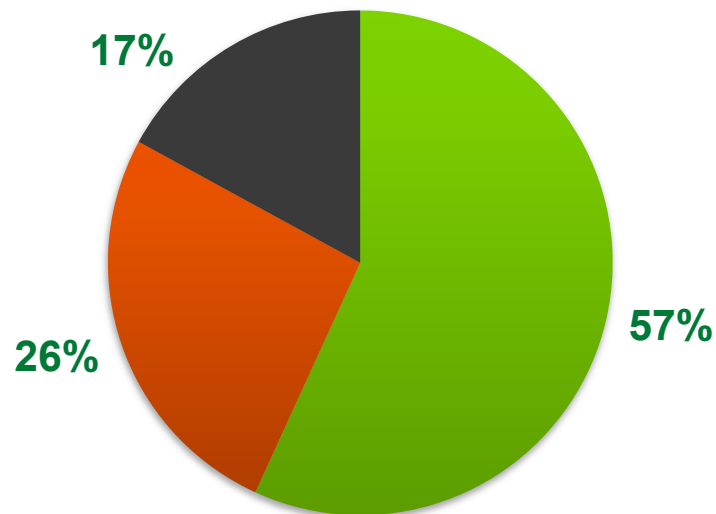
Ketamine Use After Implementation
(n = 12)



- Parkview Regional Medical Center
- Parkview Randallia Hospital
- Parkview Warsaw
- Community Hospitals

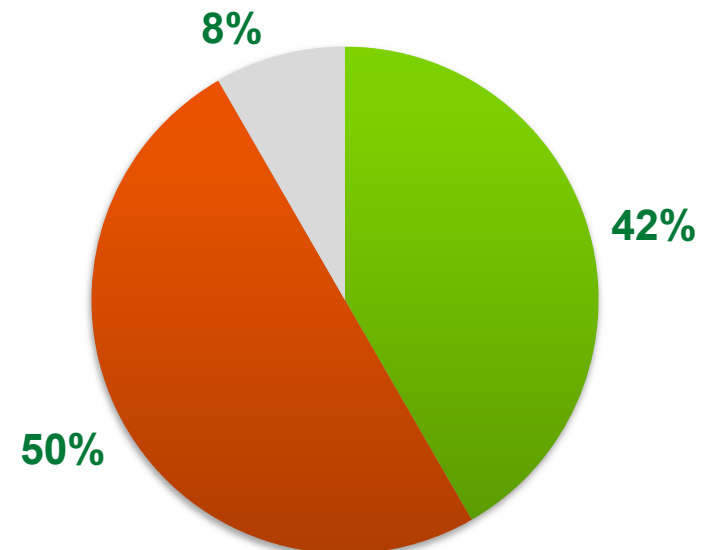
Ketamine Use by Indication

**Ketamine Use Prior to Implementation
(n = 88)**



■ Procedural Sedation ■ RSI ■ Pain

**Ketamine Use After Implementation
(n = 12)**



■ Procedural Sedation ■ RSI ■ Status Asthmaticus

Results – Primary Outcome

Percent Appropriate by Indication

	Pre-Implementation		Post-Implementation		
Indication (Reference Range)	N	Appropriateness [n (%)]	N	Appropriateness [n (%)]	P-Value
Procedural Sedation (IV: 0.5 – 2 mg/kg IM: 1 – 3 mg/kg)	47	27 (57)	5	5 (100)	0.0656
RSI (IV: 1 – 2 mg/kg)	26	21 (81)	5	4 (80)	0.9687
Pain (IV: 0.3 mg/kg IN: 1 mg/kg)	15	12 (80)	1	0 (0)	0.1380
Status Asthmaticus (IV: 1 mg/kg)	0	-	1	0 (0)	-
Overall	88	60 (68)	12	9 (75)	0.5814

Results – Secondary Outcome

	Pre- Implementation [Median (IQR)] (n = 88)	Post- Implementation [Median (IQR)] (n = 12)	P-Value
Pre-Ketamine SBP	126 (108 – 148)	132 (111 – 140)	0.9239
Post-Ketamine SBP	134 (112 – 158)	124 (112 – 140)	0.5885
Pre-Ketamine Pulse, BPM	92 (75 – 107)	96 (80 – 104)	0.7583
Post-Ketamine Pulse, BPM	90 (78 – 108)	99 (88 – 113)	0.2453

SBP: Systolic blood pressure (reported in mmHg)

BPM: Beats per minute

Results – Secondary Outcome

	Pre- Implementation [Median (IQR)] (n = 88)	Post- Implementation [Median (IQR)] (n = 12)	P-Value
Pre-Ketamine RR	20 (16 – 24)	19 (17 – 22)	0.8234
Post-Ketamine RR	18 (15 – 23)	21 (18 – 25)	0.1024
Pre-Ketamine O2 Saturation, %	98 (96 – 100)	99 (94 – 100)	0.8345
Post-Ketamine O2 Saturation, %	99 (96 – 100)	98 (95 – 100)	0.5435

RR: respiratory rate, reported in breaths per minute

O2: oxygen

Results – Secondary Outcome

	Pre- Implementation (n = 88)	Post- Implementation (n = 12)	P-Value
O2 Intervention (n, %)			
Nasal cannula	16 (18)	3 (25)	0.5741
Unplanned Intubation	2 (2)	1 (8)	0.2507
Bag valve mask	1 (1)	0 (0)	0.7119

Results – Secondary Outcome

	Pre-Implementation		Post-Implementation		
	N	GCS [Median (IQR)]	N	GCS [Median (IQR)]	P-Value
Pre-Ketamine GCS Non-Intubated	59	15 (15 – 15)	5	15 (15 – 15)	0.5614
Post-Ketamine GCS Non-Intubated	59	13 (8 – 15)	5	14 (14 – 15)	0.3320
Pre-Ketamine GCS Intubated	29	15 (3 – 15)	7	11 (11 – 11)	0.5419
Post-Ketamine GCS Intubated	29	3 (3 – 8)	7	3 (3 – 4)	0.4263

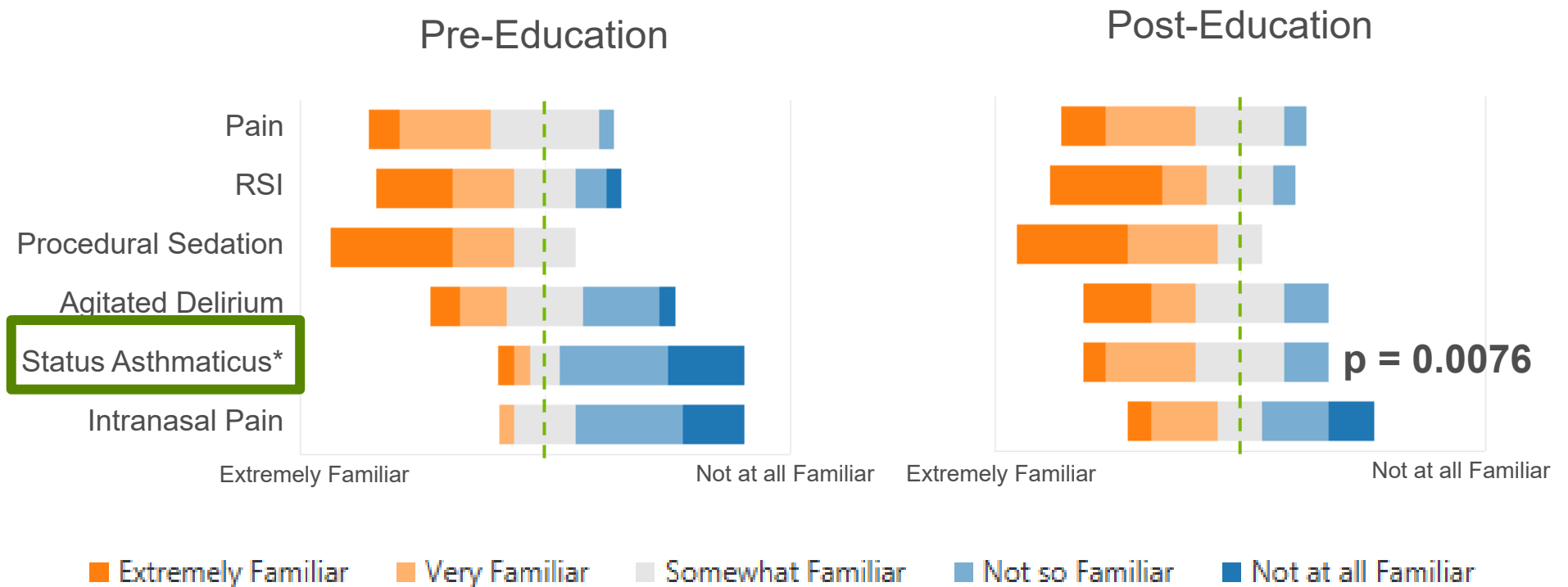
GCS: Glasgow Coma Scale

Results – Secondary Outcome

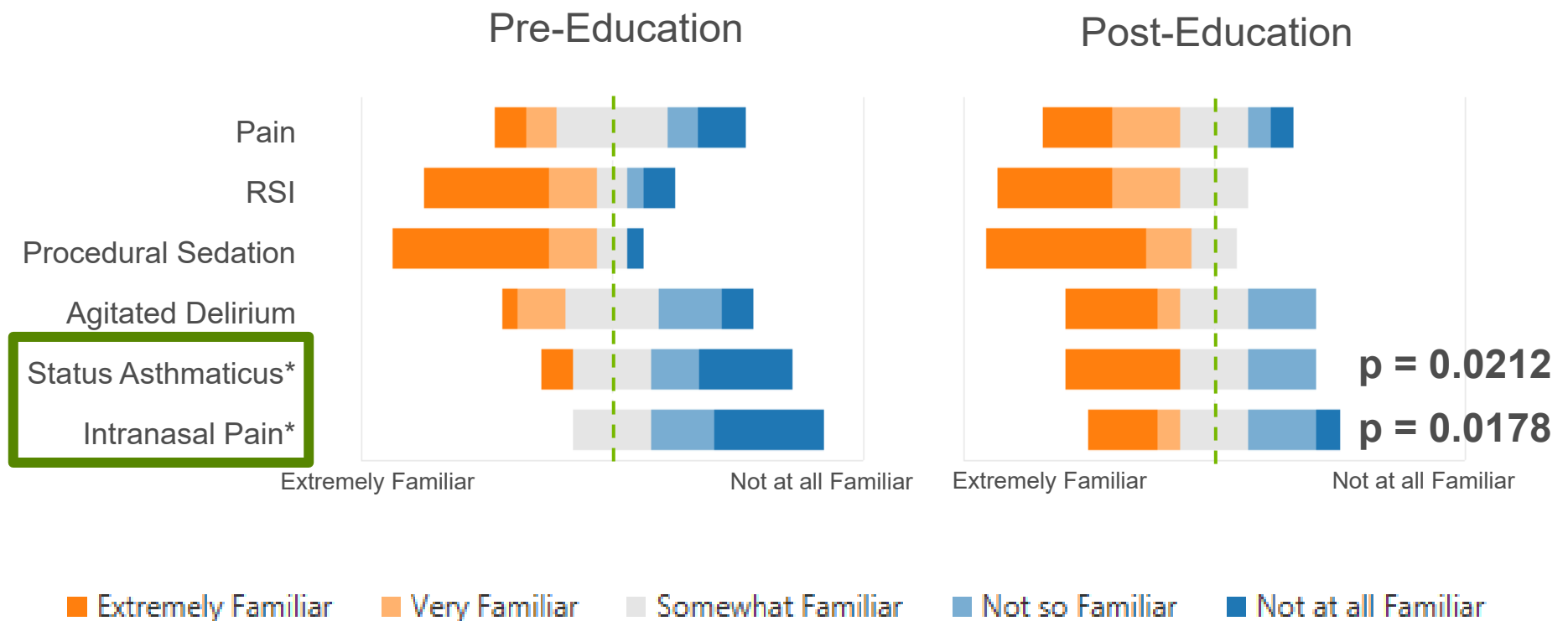
	Pre- Implementation [n (%)] (n = 88)	Post- Implementation [n (%)] (n = 12)	P-Value
Benzodiazepine Use	1 (1)	0 (0)	0.7119
Atropine Use	0 (0)	0 (0)	-
Glycopyrrolate Use	9 (10)	0 (0)	0.2479

SURVEY RESULTS

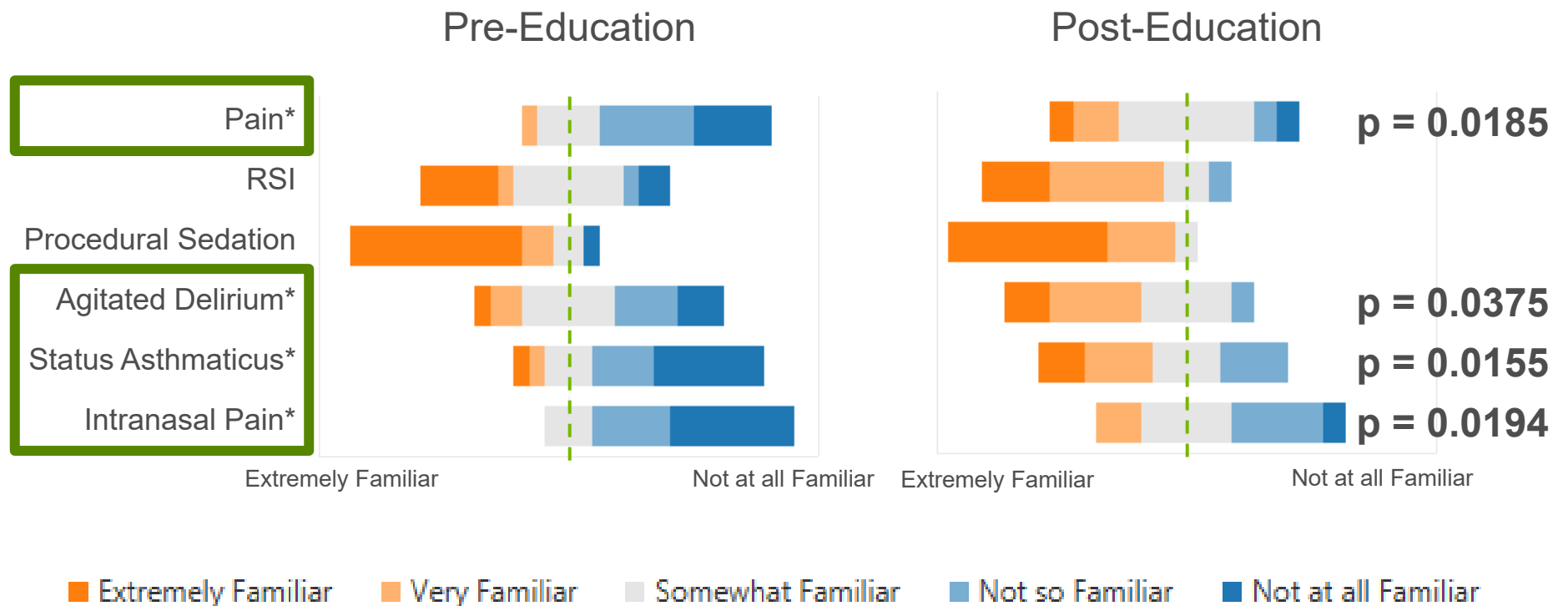
Physician Familiarity with Ketamine Dosing



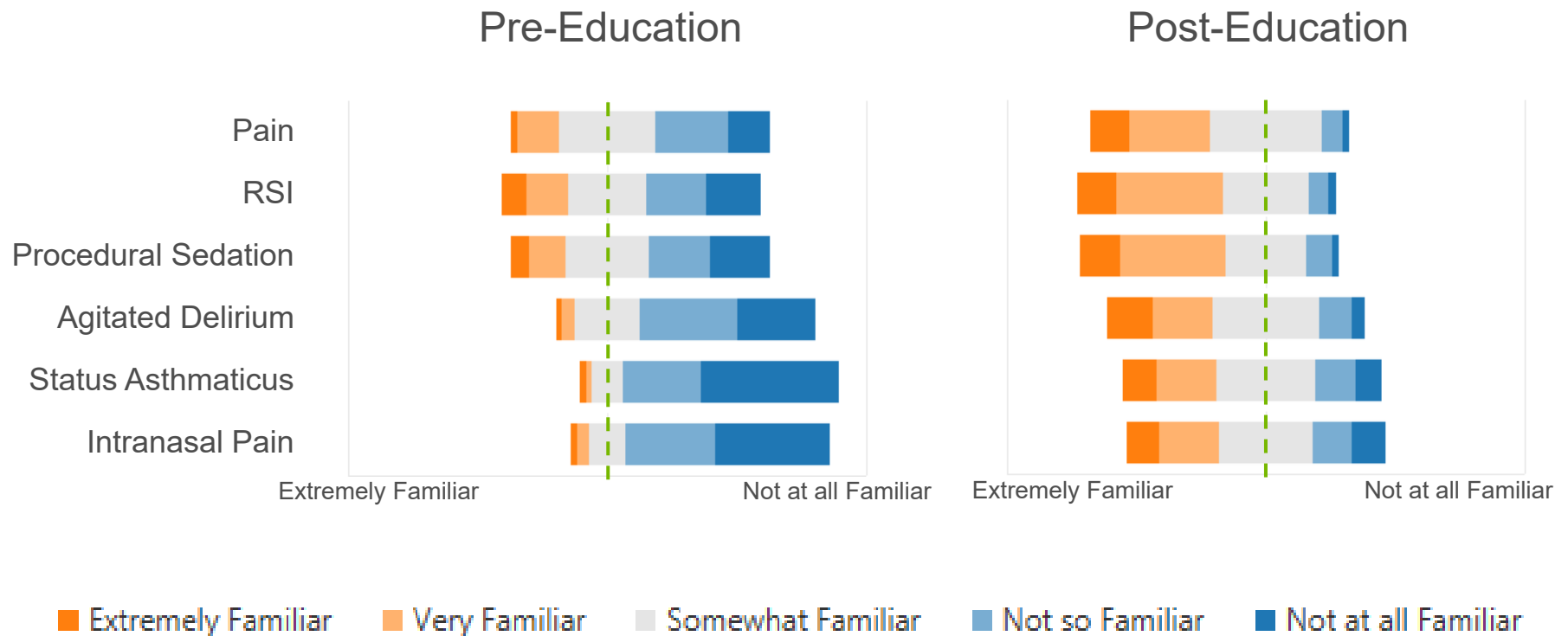
Physician Comfort with Ketamine Dosing



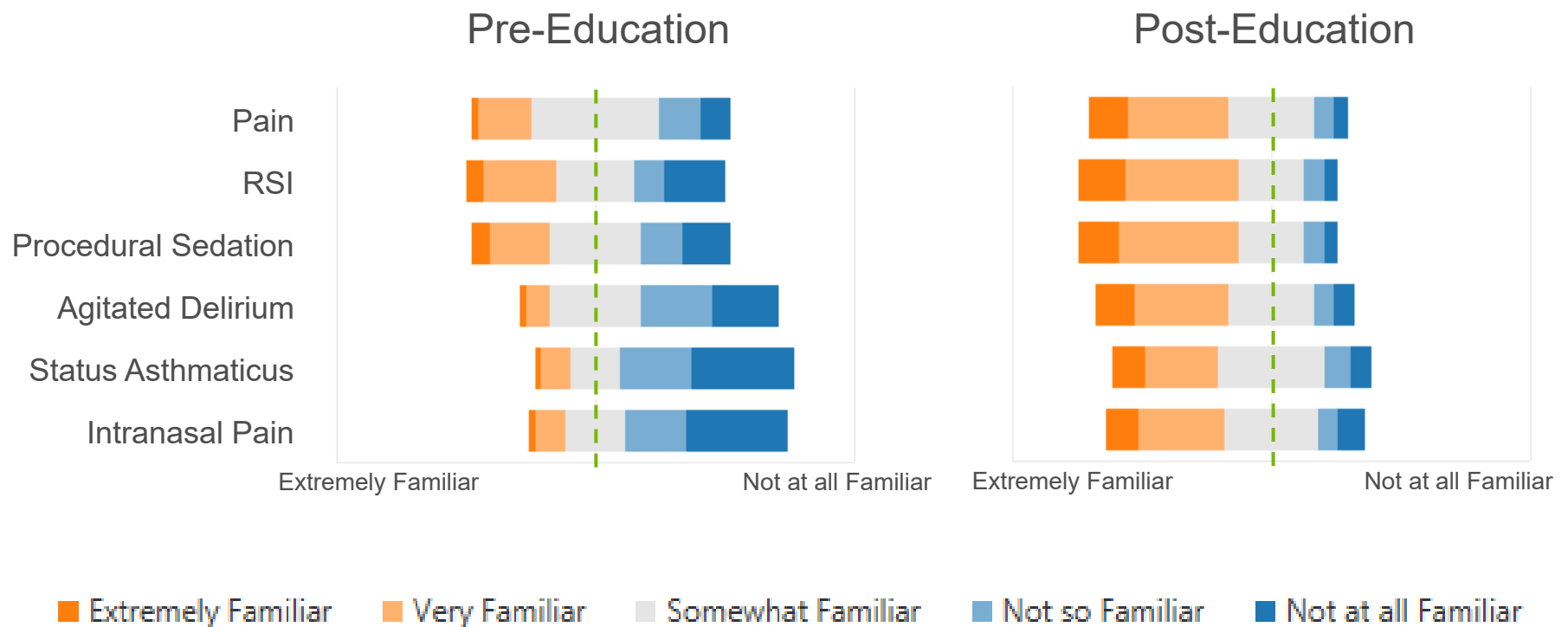
Physician Likelihood of Ordering Ketamine



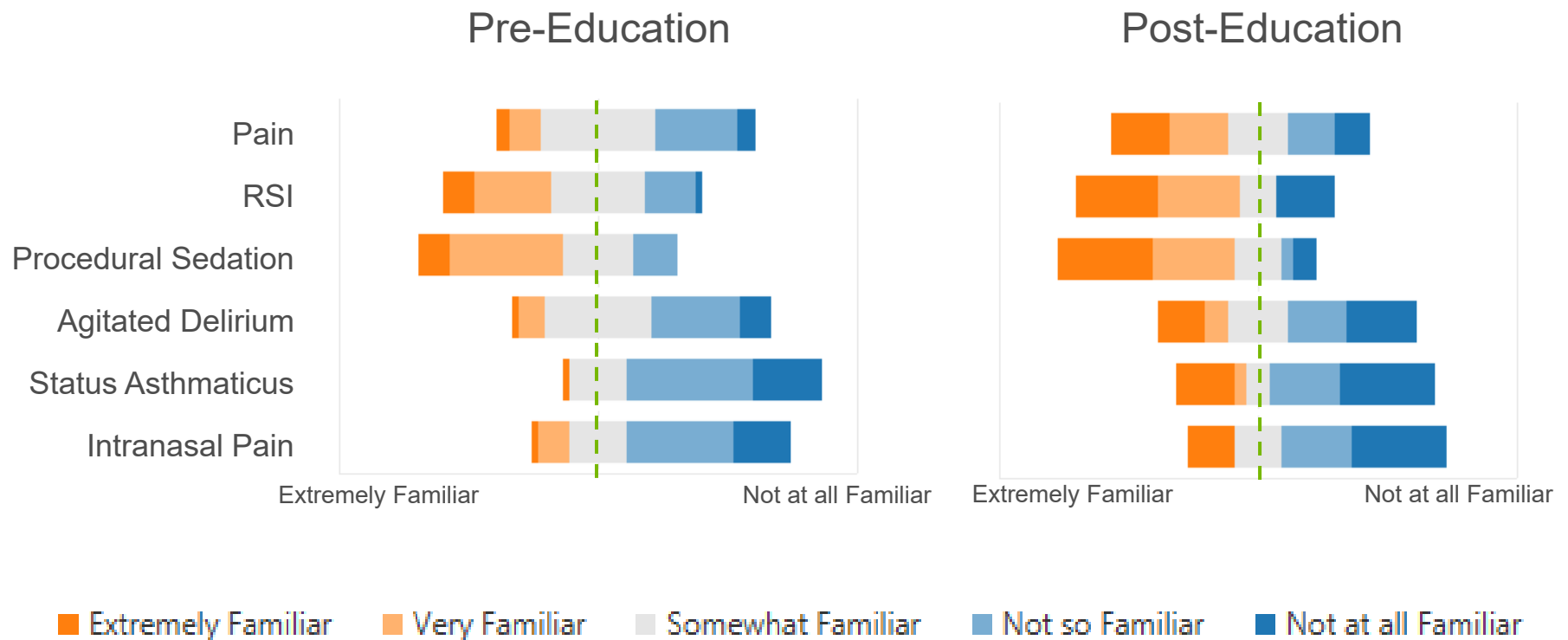
Pharmacist Familiarity with Ketamine Dosing



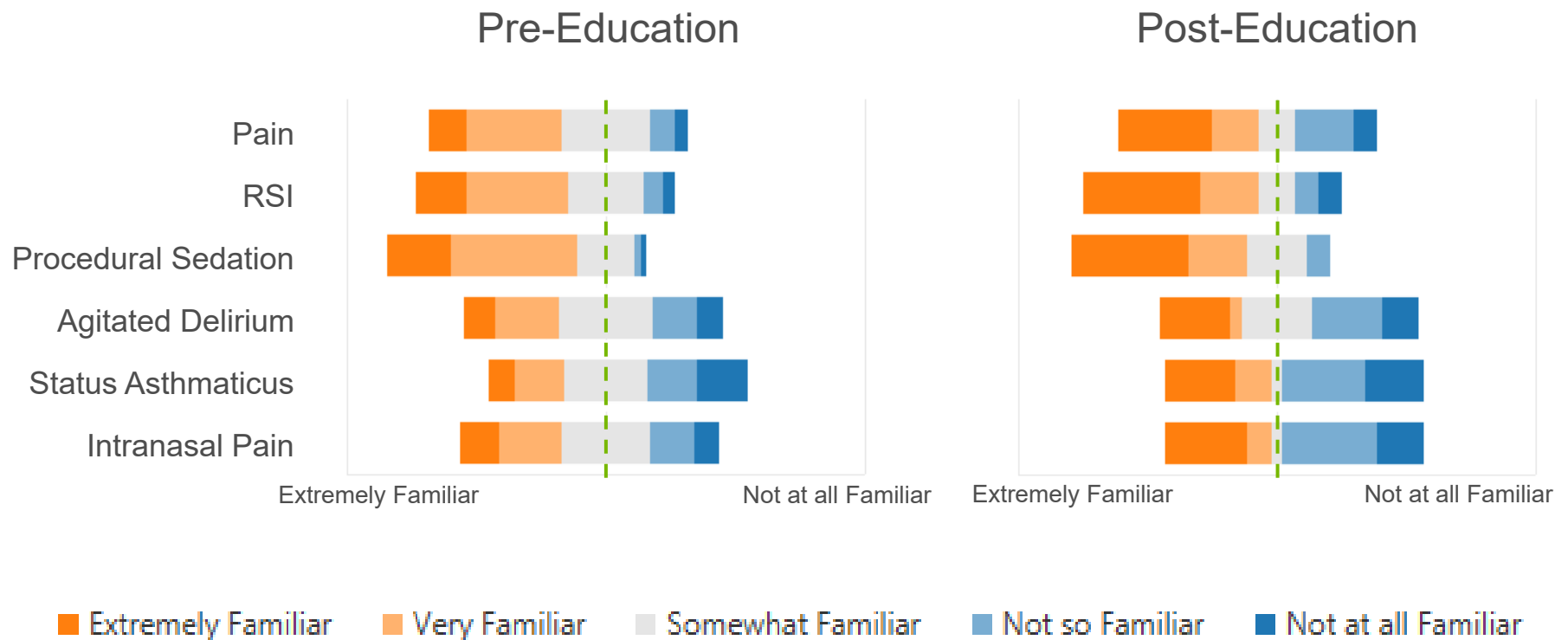
Pharmacist Comfort Level with Verifying Ketamine Orders



Nursing Comfort Level Administering Ketamine



Nursing Comfort Level Monitoring Patients



Discussion

- Most common indications
 - RSI
 - Procedural Sedation
- Multiple doses
 - Failure to respond vs. continued sedation
- Limited use of order set
 - Recent implementation
 - Acuity of situation
- Low rates of adverse effects
 - Low GCS → intubated patients
- Use in schizophrenia

Conclusions

- Trend towards increased appropriate doses
- No clinically relevant differences in adverse effects
- Education increased familiarity, comfort level, and likelihood of ordering ketamine

Limitations

- Retrospective nature
- Small sample size
- Underpowered
- Post-order set sample includes patients who did not have ketamine ordered from the order set
- Acuity of patients
- Timeline

Future Direction

- Discuss incorporating into nursing quick orders
- Encourage utilization of ketamine order set
- Creation of pediatric ketamine order set

Acknowledgements

- Sarah E. Meeks, PharmD
- Kassandra A. Foellinger, PharmD, BCPS
- Sarah Ferrell, PharmD

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